





Income generation activity Business plan of mushrooms cultivation, pickle making and its value addition 2022 23







Shivam Self Help Group of Village Forest Development Committee Dahad

Name of the self-help	:	Shivam Self Help Group
group		
Name of VillageForest	:	Dahad
Development Committee		
Name of the Field Technical	:	Jhanduta
Unit		
Name of DMU/ Forest	:	Bilaspur
Division		
FCCU/Circle	:	Bilaspur

PIHPFEM&LSponsored by prepared by: JICA DMU Bilaspur, FTU Jhanduta and Shivam Self Help Group

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Introduction

Himachal Pradesh is a majestic , mythical land and is famous for its beauty and serenity , rich culture and religious heritage. The state has diverse ecosystems , rivers and valleys , and has a population of 7.5 million and covers an area of 55,673 sq km ranging from the foothills of the Shivalik mountains to the middle hills (300 - 6816 m above MSL) , high hills and the cool arid regions of the upper Himalayas . It is spread over valleys in which several perennial rivers flow. About 90% of the state's population lives in rural areas. Agriculture , horticulture , hydropower and tourism are important components of the state's economy. There are 12 districts in the state and it comprises 14.58% of the population Market Second is the district.

This district is situated in central Himachal and is famous for its tourist places and Himalayan tours, the routes for Himalayan tours from Bilaspur district connect Mandi, Kullu, Shimla, Bilaspur, Solan, Mirpur and Kangra districts, these districts border Bilaspur district on the west and south, north-northeast and east respectively.

This district is famous for its ancient settlements and traditional agriculture, with Beas and Sutlej rivers being its main lifeline.

Forests and forest ecosystems are repositories of rich biodiversity, and play a vital role in preserving fragile sloping lands and were the primary sources of livelihood for the rural population. Rural people are directly dependent on forest resources for their

livelihood and socio-economic development. The harsh reality is that these resources are continuously depleting due to overexploitation such as for fodder, fuel, NTFP extraction, grazing, fire and drought etc.

self help groups have been formed to implement livelihood improvement activities under Dahd Forest Village Development Committee . One of them , " Shivam " self help group, is involved in mushroom cultivation and pickle making and its value addition . The group members belong to the weaker sections of the society and have small land holdings. To enhance his socio-economic status , he decided to produce mushrooms . Technical support for preparing the business plan was provided by Dr. Pankaj Sood , Principal Scientist , Dr. Kavita Sharma and DS Yadav , Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Sunder Nagar , Mandi . The team which included Vijay Kumar , subject expert , Office of Forest Division Suket , Anita Sharma, Field Technical Unit Coordinator, Jhanduta Range, Jagat Pal, Forest Guard , Dahd Beat and Shri Sushil Kumar Sharma, Forest Division Officer, Forest Division Samoh, Ratan Lal Sharma, retired Forest Range Officer, contributed in preparing the business plan under the constant supervision and guidance of Ved Prakash Pathania, retired HPFS .

executive Summary

Dahd Forest Village Development Committee:-

Dahad forest **Village** Development Committee is located in Dahad Revenue Colony . This forest Village development committee has been formed in Gram Panchayat Dahad. It is located in Jhanduta Block of Bilaspur District in Himachal Pradesh and lies between 31.3435982 N latitude - 76.6732246 E longitude. Dahad Village Development Committee Bilaspur Forest Division Management Unit(DMU) It falls under Dahadbeat of Samohavan block under Jhanduta forest range of ,

Important feature of VFDS:-

This ForestVillage Development Committee is famous for Santoshi Mata Temple, Dam is situated near this village which is famous for Maize crop.

Number of families	328
BPL Families	104 =33.12%
total population	1315
Total Cattle	652

Details of Self Help Group

Shivam Self Help Group was formed in February 2021 under Dahad Forest Village Development Committee to provide livelihood improvement support by upgrading skills and capacities. The group comprises poor and marginal farmers.

Shivam Self Help Group is a women's group (14 women) consisting of members from the marginalized and financially weaker sections of the society with less land resources. Though all the members of the group grow seasonal vegetables etc. but since the land of these members is very small and irrigation facility is less and the production level has reached near saturation, to meet their financial requirements they decided to do mushroom farming which can increase their income. There are 14 members in this group and their monthly contribution is Rs 100/- per month. The details of the group members are as follows: -

Details of SHG members with photo

Cross	Name	Post	Social class		Educational qualification	
1.	Bina Devi wife of Prakash Singh	Pradhan	General	53	5th	94591 753074
2.	Anjana Devi wife of Joginder Singh	Secretary	General	40	+2	98059 90303
3.	Sunita Devi wife of Subhash Chand	Members	Scheduled Castes	42	10 th	94186 02772
4.	Jamna Devi wife of Omkar Singh	Members	General	72	5 th	-
5.	Sandhya Devi wife of Pritam Singh	Members	General	55	5th	7876239018
6.	Amita Devi wife of Shankar Singh	Members	General	50	10th	94184 63209
7.	Anjana Kumari wife of Rajkumar	Members	General	38	MA	82193 43690
8.	Pramila Devi wife of Jagdish	Members	Scheduled Castes	40	10 th	98179 28968
9.	Deepa Devi wife of Ranjit Singh	Members	General	52	5th	98172 64235
10.	Nishu Kumari wife of Rakesh Kumar	Member	General	35	B.A.	850747101
11.	Soma Devi wife of Prem Lal		scheduled caste	50	5th	,
12.	Sunita Devi wife of Roop Lal	Member	scheduled caste	43	10th	9625025245

13.	Tara Devi wife Viri Singh	Member	General	59	5th	7049917045
14.	Meera Devi wife Ratan Singh	Member	General	55	5th	9780824500

14 members of SHG Shivam have opted for mushroom cultivation and along with this all the members are also involved in pickle making and value addition activity.

Photographs of self-help group members



Bina Devi (Pradhaan)



Deepa Devi (Member)



Anjana Devi (Secretary)



Sunita Devi (Member)



Sunita Devi (Member)



Mira Devi (Member)



Anjana Kumari (Member)



Pramila Devi (Member)



Amita Devi (Member)



Tara Devi (Member)



Soma Devi (Member)



Jamna Devi (Member)



Sandhya Devi (Member)



Nishu Kumari (Member)

shivam self help group dahd

Name of the self help group	:	Shivam
SHG/CIG MIS Code Number	:	-
Name of the Rural Forest Development	:	Dahad
Committee		
Name of the Field Technical Unit	:	jhanduta
Name of DMU/Forest Division	:	Bilaspur
Village	:	Dahad
Section	:	Samoah
District	:	Bilaspur
Total number of members in the self help	:	14
group		
Date of formation	:	2021(10/02/2021)
Name and details of the bank	:	Himachal Pradesh Gramin Bank
		Dahad
Bank account number	:	88911300000308
SHG/Monthly Savings	:	Rs. 1400 /- per month

Total savings	:	25000/-
Total Inter-Loan	:	Yes
cash credit limit	:	,
Repayment Status	:	quarterly basis

Geographical description of the village

Distance from district headquarter	:	45 Km
Distance from the main road	:	3 Km (but 100 to 200 m from the main
		road) approx
distance of local market	:	Jhanduta 12 km , Barthi 15 km , Bilaspur 35
		km approximately .
Names and distances of major cities	:	Jhanduta 12 km , Barthi 15 km ,
		Bilaspur 35 km approximately .
Names of major cities where	:	Jhanduta , Barthin , Bilaspur
The products will be sold/marketed		
status of previous and upcoming	:	The back link lies in training , (Krishi Vigyan
episodes		Kendra) Compost Bag Span (Horticulture
		Department) and the front link lies in
		market suppliers etc.

Product details related to income generating activity

Product Name	-	The group will be involved in production of button mushroom and dhingri under controlled environment
Method of product identification	-	Although members of the entire group grow seasonal vegetable crops. As their land holding is very small, the production has reached saturation point, hence they are not able to meet their financial requirements, hence it was decided by the group members that mushroom cultivation, pickle making and its value addition will increase their income. Apart from this they usually go to

		Sundar Nagar market to sell their vegetable crop . The market links already exist. They will not have to spend extra time and money for marketing the mushrooms .
Consent of SHG/CIG/ Group	-	The consent is attached as annexure.

production processes

Training for mushroom cultivation has been arranged by JICA project at KVK Barthin. The entire cost of training with spot demonstration is borne by the JICA project.

decided to start work with Dhingri mushroom production initially, as the training has been completed during February and the start date is March. April / May, June / July Months after 1943 These are more suitable for the cultivation of this mushroom. 250 compost spawn added bags will be purchased and installed in a rented/rented room.

Three tier wooden/bamboo rack fitting , along with two exhaust fans one for fresh air and other at the bottom to exhaust the internal air will be installed. One ceiling fan to reduce the room temperature and another (heat blower) to increase the room temperature , A dry and wet thermometer will be installed in the hall to maintain the required room temperature. The room will be washed and cleaned with formalin (5 ml/litre) two to three times before loading the bags . Two crops of button mushroom and Dhingri of two crops (70 to 75 days cycle for each) with business plan (August to February are the best months for button mushrooms and March to July for dhingri) This plan has been prepared after discussion and participation with the group. The group members will work for 1 hour daily , half an hour in the morning and half an hour in the evening.

Description of the production plan:

Production cycle (75 days)	::	Button mushroom cultivation can be done from September to March in Bilaspur district. After putting the
days)		spawn in the compost bag, it takes 30 to 40 days for the
		mushrooms to get pinup heads three flushes after
		that A total of 75 days are required to harvest three
		flushes of mushroom crop. The production cycle of a
		crop will be of 75 days. Four crop cycles will be repeated
		in a year as per the details given below:-
		First crop of Dhingri mushroom (from February to April = for 75 days)
		Second crop of Dhingri mushroom (May to end of July).
		Third crop of button mushroom (September to
		November = 75 days)
		Fourth crop of button mushroom (November to January
		= 75 days)
Manpower	::	Initially the whole group will work together to
Requirement (install/build the racks , clean the room and transport the
Numbers)		compost bags across the road to the production
		sites. After this, for the first 30 days 2 persons will work
		for 1 hour (1/2 hour in the morning and 1/2 hour in the
		evening) in rotation for cleaning, humidification,
		temperature regulation etc.
		4 persons 3 hours for harvesting , soiling , caging ,
		cleaning , weighing and packing for next 31 to 75
		days.
		Marketing hours are not included as one of the members
		will regularly sell mushrooms along with vegetables in the
		market.
		4 people making compost will work for 2 days and 2
		hours.
		Total labour work will be 706 hours , if we divide it by 8 (
		hours) then it will become 88 days and multiplying it by
		the wage rate of Rs 300 /day, we get the cost of
		labour 26400 Rupees come out.

6		
Source of raw	::	Horticulture Department , Palampur and Solan District
materials		Of Himachal Pradesh. Generally all the material is
		available in Sundarnagar KVK.
source of other	::	- above -
Resource.		
(i) Quantity	::	250 Compost Spawn Bags , Formalin , 200 ml ,
required for button		Bavistin 100 gm , Packing material (polythene
mushroom (75		sleeves) 3 kg.
days)		
(") Dh' a a d' a		
(ii) Dhingri a		For the Dhingri
circle Of For Required		Spawn: 25 kg, Wheat Or straw of other crop: 500 kg,
quantity i.e. 75 days		Formline: 2 liters, Bavistin: 100 grams, Polysheet: 1
		300 Transparent Polythene Bags for Dhingri Manure,
		Polythene Sleeves 5 Kg (3 Kg for new and 2 Kg for
		replacement of torn bags)
Expected production	::	Dhingri :- Average production of Dhingri from one bag
in 75 days		of compost is about 1.6 kg.
		Yield for 250 bags 400 Kg it will be dingy
		3,
		Button Mushrooms,
		The average production of mushrooms from a bag is
		2.0 kg / 1 bag = 2.0 kg
		250Bag x 2.0 kg.= 500 Kg ,

Marketing / Sales Details

Potential market space	::	Jhanduta , Barthin , Bilaspur		
Distance from unit	::	Jhanduta 12 km , Barthi 15 km , Bilaspur 35 km approximately .		
Demand for the product in the market	::	There is demand for mushrooms throughout the year.		
Market Identification Process	::	Vegetable selling market is well established in Jhanduta , Barthi , Bilaspur towns ,		
Impact of weather on the market.	::	Mushrooms are delicious in all seasons and are in high demand throughout the year. However, the demand increases more during summer and wedding ceremonies.		

potential buyers of the product.	::	Potential market buyers are Hospitals , Hotels , Hostels , Shops , Local residents/ Marriages and other formal occasions etc.
potential consumers in the region.	::	All health conscious citizens / families.
Marketing mechanism of the product.	::	Daily supply and batch of mushrooms based on demand in the market with local vegetables Le Da and Sundar Nagar Market We will sell them in the open market as well,
Marketing strategy of the product.	::	Initially the group will approach all the vegetable retailers of Jhanduta town, then as the production increases, retailers of Bilaspur market will also be approached to sell their produce on net rate or on commission basis.
Product Branding.	::	" Dahad Fresh Mushrooms ".
Product slogan	::	"Eat mushrooms and stay healthy."

Management details among members

After receiving training, all the members will divide their labour amongst themselves while managing the daily work , marketing and keeping themselves connected with the department and Rural Forest Development Committee

SWOT Analysis

Description / Item	:	Description
Strength	::	All members of the group are like-minded and adapt to the local and social environment. Production cost is low, the product is of high quality and demand, growing cycles are short, production will be all year round. The Horticulture Department has readymade compost bags available in Palampur and Solan. Training and exposure will be organized by JICA Forestry Project for SHG financial assistance.

weakness	::	New self help group , lack of experience in mushroom production/farming.
Opportunity	::	Demand is high and returns are high.
hazard	::	conflicts within the group , lack of transparency and lack of ability to take major risks

of potential hazards and Ways to reduce them

potential risk	::	remedy to do to reduce For them.
at the same time Destroy harmful infection product can do 2. Temperature Maintenance and control 3. Market santripta	::	First of all keep your hands clean by washing them And wash your feet with soap and then dip them in formalin solution Entering the room. Only 2 to 3 persons will enter the room with full kit (cap, gloves, apron etc.). Spray regularly to avoid fungal attack. With the help of the thermo meter the required temperature will be maintained with the given equipment. for value addition dry mushroom, Mushroom pickle, soup and other products etc. will be prepared.
Internal conflict in the group , transparency	::	To eliminate conflict the cause must be dealt with at an early stage . exposure to all members of the group , equal sharing of benefits, need to give respect and honour to every member .
market	::	There are always fluctuations in the market; demand and supply always vary. Therefore members continue to explore new markets and buyers.
Production	::	Production will be increased gradually according to the market

Economic Description of the of the Project.

First cycle:

project cost	Amount Rooms
Capital Cost	
Construction of three tire wooden/bamboo rack fitting	15,000
Ceiling Fan(1 No)	2500
Exhaust Fans (2)	3000
Room heat/blower/	1500
Dry and Wet Thermometer (1 Set)	1000
Electronic Weighing Machine (1no)	900
Hot Plastic Roof Rod (1no)	800
Lightweight Spray Pump (1no)	1800
Sharp Knife Set No. (1 Set)	75
Scissors , (2 nos)	400
Trays/Baskets (6 Nos)	600
Fruit Crate (4 Nos .) .	2400
Water tanks 1000 liters 1 no. including rent	8000
Water and electricity fittings material and charges	4000
Drier	16000
Grinding Machine	10000
Miscellaneous expenses	3000
total capital cost	70975
Recurring cost for 1st cycle (75 days)	
Cost of renting room 1 hall (mushroom growing	3,000
unit) @ Rs. 1000/ month. (3 months) =	
Formalin	600
Labour wages 88 days=(@Rs 300 / day)= ₹ 26400	26400
Dhingri Compost Bags 250 nos @ Rs.40 per bag and other raw materials including rent	10000
Packaging (packaging materials etc.)	3000
Rent	1000
Electricity and water usage charges @ Rs 1000 per month	3000
Miscellaneous Expenses (Stationery , Bill Books , Receipts etc.)	1500
Recurring cost of one cycle= B1+B2+B3+B4+B5+B6+B7+B8	485 00
Total project cost (A+B)= 70975+ 485 00=119475	119475

Cost Benefit Analysis First Cycle:-

Specific		Unit	Quantity/No	expressions	Amount (Rupee.)
10% on capital cost		month	3	10%	1750
Recurring cost for 3 months		monun		1070	1700
Room rental price 1		month	3	1000	3,000
(mushroom growing					2,000
@ Rs. 1000/ month.					
Each bottle containi		No	2 bottles	300	600
Formalin.	3				
Labour wages 88 da	ys =(@ Rs	Day	88	300	26400
300/ day)					
= Rs 26400					
Dhingri Manure Bag	s 250 No @	No	250	40	10000
Rs. 40 per bag and o	other raw				
material including ca	art				
Packaging (packagir	ng materials	Kilogram	5	600	3000
etc.)					
Traffic payment		,	,	,	1000
Electricity and water	-	month	3	1000	3000
charges @ Rs 1000					1500
Miscellaneous Exper	nses		L/S	,	1500
(Stationery ,					
bill books , receipts Total	etc.)				48500
	Dhinari				
Total production kg.	Dhingri Fertilizer				400 Kg 500 Kg
kg.	I CI (IIIZCI				300 Kg
Sale of production	Dhingri 400	kg @ Rs.150)		60000
in kg.	Compost 50	0 kg @ 5			2500
				Total	62500
total profit	62500- (1750+48500)				12250
Gross Profit	Total profit 12875+(2640	•	ges + Room rer	nt	41650
second installment of	ount to be			14494	
reserved for profit					
and the amount to i	d				
installment					

Amount available for distribution of	-20494
profits among members in the first	
cycle = Sale of product - (Principal	
amount + Interest + Recurring cost of	
2nd and 3rd installment) 62500- (18563 +	
1437 + 48500 + 14494)	

Note:- Rs. 14494 will be kept in reserve for payment of 2nd and 3rd instalment,

Cost Benefit Analysis Second Cycle

Senior No	Specific		Unit	Quantity/No	expressions	Amount (Rupee.)
Α	10% on capital cost		month	3	10%	1750
В	Recurring cost for					
1.	Room rental price 1 hall (mushroom growing unit) @Rs1000 /month.(3 months)=		month	3	1000	3,000
2.	Each bottle contai	ns 250	No	2 bottles	300	600
3.	Labour wages 88 days =(@ Rs 300/ day) = Rs 26400		Day	88	300	26400
4.	Dhingri Manure Bags 250 No @ Rs. 40 per bag and other raw material including rent		No	250	40	10000
5.	Packaging (packaging materials etc.)		Kilogram	5	600	3000
6.	Traffic payment		,	,	,	1000
7.	Electricity and water usage charges @ Rs 1000 per month		month	3	1000	3000
	Total					47000
9.	Total Dhingri Mu production kg. Fertilizer					400 kg 500 Kg
10.	Sale of Dhingri 400 Compost 5 kg.		9	150		60000 2500
					Total	62500
11.	total profit 62500 - (1750+47000)					19750

12.	Gross Profit	Total profit + Labor wages + Room rent	43150
		13750 +(26400+3000) =	
13.		e = Sale of product - (Principal amount +	
	Interest + Recurring cost for next cycle)		
	=62500-(19032 + 90	68 +57300)	

Cost Benefit Analysis Third Cycle

Specific		Unit	Quantity/No	expressions	Amount (Rupee.)
Depreciation at 10% on capital cost		month	3	10%	1750
Recurring cost for 3 i	months				
(mushroom growing	Cost of rent of 1 hall room (mushroom growing unit) @ Rs 1000/ month. (Three		3	1000	3,000
Each bottle containir Formalin.	ng 250	No	2 bottles	300	600
Labour wages 88 day 300 / day) = Rs 24200	Labour wages 88 days =(@ Rs 300 / day)		88	300	26400
Bags 250 nos @ Rs.9	Button Mushroom Compost Bags 250 nos @ Rs.90 per bag and other raw material		250	90	22,500
Packaging (packagin etc.)	g materials	Kilogram	2.5	600	1500
Traffic payment		,	,	,	1000
Electricity and water charges @ Rs 1000 p	•	month	3	1000	3000
Total					58000
Total production kg.	Button Mushroom Compost				500 Kg 750 Kg
Sale of production in kg. 500 kg @ Compost?		Rs.150 750 Kg @ F	Rs 10		75000 7500
				Total	82500
total profit	82500 -(17	750+58000)			22750

Gross Profit	Total profit + Labor wages + Room rent	52150		
	22750+ (26400+3000) =			
Amount available for distribution of profit among members in the third cycle = Sale of product - (Principal amount + Interest + 4606 Recurring cost)				
82500-(19 405 + 489 + 58000)				

Cost Benefit Analysis Fourth Cycle

Specific		Unit	Quantity/No	expressions		
					(Rupee.)	
Depreciation at 10% on capital cost		month	3	10%	1750	
Recurring cost for	3 months					
Room rental price	1 hall	month	3	1000	3,000	
(mushroom growi	ng unit)					
@ Rs. 1000/ month	n. (3 months)					
Each bottle contai	ning 250	No	2 bottles	300	600	
Formalin.						
Labour wages 88 (days =(@ Rs	Day	88	300	26400	
300/ day) = Rs 264	00					
Button Mushroom	1 Compost	No	250	90	22,500	
Bags 250 Nos @ R	s.90 per bag					
and other raw ma	terial					
including cart						
Packaging (packag	Packaging (packaging		2.5	600	1500	
materials etc.)						
Traffic payment		,	,	,	1000	
Electricity and wat	er usage	month	3	1000	3000	
charges @ Rs 100	0 per month					
Total	,				58000	
Total	Button Mus	hroom			500 Kg	
production kg.	Fertilizer	750 Kg				
Sale of	500 kg @ Rs.150 7500					
production in	_		0		7500	
kg.	Compost 750 kg @ Rs 10					
		Total	82500			
total profit	82500 - (1125 +58000)				23375	
Gross Profit			ges + Room rent		52775	
	23375 +(26400 + 3000)=					

Amount available for distribution of profit among members in the fourth cycle = Sale of product - (Principal amount + Interest + Recurring cost)	24500
82500 -(0+0+58000)	

Income	
Direct Income	
(I) First cycle	
Dhingri Mushroom	(-)20494
(ii) Second cycle	
Dhingri Mushroom	(-)14800
(iii) Third cycle	
Button Mushroom	4606
(d) Fourth Chakra	
Button Mushroom	24500
	-6188
Indirect Income	
Labor wages	
(i) First cycle	26400
(ii) Second cycle	26400
(iii) Third cycle	26400
(d) Fourth Chakra	26400
Total	105600
Room rent	
(i) First cycle	3000
(ii) Second cycle	3000
(iii) Third cycle	3000
(d) Fourth Chakra	3000
Total	12000
Total Indirect Income	117600
total common day	111412

Cost of production in all four cycles

Specific	Amount in Rs.
Total recurring cost	
(i) First cycle	
Dhingri Mushroom	48500
(ii) Second cycle	
Dhingri Mushroom	47000
(iii) Third cycle	
Button Mushroom	50000
(d) Fourth Chakra	58000
Button Mushroom	58000
Total	211500
10% depreciation on capital cost	7000
(Annual).	
10% interest on loan	2894
Total	201394

The essence of production costs

Description	Amount (Rs.)
recurring cost	211500
10% depreciation on capital Value	7000
Cost	
10% interest on loan	2894
Total	221394

Assessing the Selling Price

Description	Unit	Amount (Rs.)
Recurring Cost (211800/1800)	Kilogram	117
Fixed profit 32%	Kilogram	33
Total		150
market price	Kilogram	150

Benefit Cost Analysis (Annual)

Description	Amount (Rs.)
10% on capital cost (a)	4498
Recurring Cost (B)	
Room rent	12000
Labor	105600
Compost Bags Price	65000
Formalin	2400
Packaging (packaging materials etc.)	9000
Traffic payment	4000

Use of electricity and water	12000
Miscellaneous Expenses(Stationery, Bill Books,	1500
receipt etc.)	
Total	211500
Total production of Dhingri and Button mushroom	1800 Kg
Selling price of Dhingri and Button Mushroom	270000
selling price of fertilizer	20000
Total	290000
Gross profit = Selling price- (Capital cost + Recurring cost) =290000- (70975+211500)	7525
Gross profit = Total profit + Labor wages + Room	125125
Rent	
=7525+105600+12000	
Distribution of profit among group members after four	-40925
cycles = Total Profit - (Principal amount + Interest +	
Recurring cost for fifth cycle)	
=7525-(0+0+48500)	

Note: Labor wages and room rent are not included in this amount.

From the above it is clear that each member will not get any additional income after completing four cycles of 75 days. The overall profit of 48500 is as recurring cost of the fifth cycle stand invested.

Resources of funds and requirement of funds

Description of resources	Amount in Rs.
Part of the project at capital cost of Rs. 70975 (50%)	35490
Monthly contribution till date	26985
Loan from bank	57000
Total	119475

one lakh rupees will be provided to the self help group as revolving fund to take loan from the bank.

50% of the capital cost will be borne by the project.

5% interest of the loan will be borne by the project.

Calculating the Break -Even Point

Break even point = Capital cost/sales/kg.-Recurring cost/kg.

=70975/150 -122

=70975/28=2834 kg

Break even point can be achieved after nine months after selling 2534 kg of Dhingri and Button mushrooms .

Loan Repayment Schedule (at 10% interest)

S.no	month	loan	repaym	ent	cumulative	Loan Ba		
		Principal Amount	Interest	Total	loan repaymen t	Principal Amount	Interest	Total
	Month-	0	0	0	0	57000	475	57475
2	Month-	0	0	0	0	57475	479	57954
3	Month-	0	0		0	57954	483	58437
4	Month- 4	18563	1437	20000	20000	38437	320	38757
5	Month- 5	0	0	0	0	38757	322	39057
6	Month- 6	0	0	0	0	39057	326	39383
7	Month- 7	19032	968	20000	20000	19405	162	19567
8	Month-	0	0	0	0	19567	163	19730
9	Month- 9	0	0	0	0	19730	164	19894
10	Month-	19405	489	19894	19894	0	0	0
11	Total	57000	2894	59894	59894		2894	

Comment:

is to increase their income by value addition in the form of pickles , readymade soups , dried mushrooms etc.

Surprising mushroom health benefits for your skin, brain and bones

"They contain many minerals such as selenium, potassium, copper, iron and phosphorus that are not often found in plant-based foods."

- 1. Mushrooms help keep you young .
- 2. protect your brain as you age.
- 3. Mushrooms can improve your memory.
- 4. Mushrooms may help your heart health.
- 5. Mushrooms can help strengthen your bones.
- 6. Mushrooms will help give you energy.
- 7. Mushrooms help in fighting many diseases, especially cancer,

Mushroom delicacies are special dishes, tasty, healthy and economical.

Comment:

Keeping in view the future income of the group the second proposed activity by the group is manufacture of pickles and its value addition. As it was decided in principle during the review mission, that more than one activity should be included in a business plan, hence the second proposed activity is enclosed below.

Business plan

Pickle making and its value addition By

shivam self help group

executive Summary

Income generating activity of pickle making has been selected by Shivam Self Help Group. This IGA will be done by all the women of this self help group. Initially, pickles of Galgal , Amla etc. and Amla powder will be made by this group. This activity is already being carried out by some of the women in this group. This business activity will be carried out by the group members during seasonal time . The process of making pickle takes about 7 days. The production process includes process like cleaning , washing , grinding , mixing , drying etc. Initially the group will manufacture galgal and amla pickles. The product will be sold directly by the Group or indirectly through retailers and whole sellers in the near market.

Description of the product related to the income generating activity

Product Name	::	Pickle making and its value addition
Method of product identification	::	This activity is already being done by some women self help groups and it is decided by the group members
Consent of SHG/CIG/Cluster members	::	Yes

Description of production processes

- The group will make pickles of galgal, amla etc. This business activity will be done by the group members during seasonal time.
- The pickling process takes around 7 days.
- The production process includes processes like cleaning, washing, grinding, mixing, drying etc.
- Initially the group will manufacture 100 kg of pickles per month of local fruits available in the area during the season and will also manufacture other products using the same production process.

Description of the production plan

Galgal pickle (in days)	::	7 days
Production cycle of Amla	::	7 days
Pickle (in days)		
Manpower required per cycle	::	as required
(No.)		
Source of raw materials	::	local content
Source of other resources	::	Local Market / Main Market
Quantity required per cycle	::	For 50 kg of galgal pickle, 40 kg of
for Galgal pickle (kg)		galgal and 10 kg of masala is
		required
Quantity required per cycle	::	For 50 kg of amla pickle, 35 kg of
for Amla (kg)		amla and 15 kg of spices are
		required
Expected output per cycle(kg)	::	50 Kg Each

Raw material requirement and expected production

Serial Numbe r	Raw Material	Unit	Time	Quantity(appr ox.)	Amoun t per kg (Rs.)	Total Amoun t	Expected Production Monthly(k g)
1	Galgal	Kilogram	Monthly	100	20	2000	
2	Spices	Kilogram	Monthly	25	150	3750	125
1	Amla	Kilogram	Monthly	100	30	3000	125
2	Spices	Kilogram	Monthly	25	150	3750	

Marketing/Sales Details

1	Potential market space	Jhanduta 12 km , Barthi 15 km , Bilaspur 35 km
2	Distance from unit	approximately .
3	Demand for the product in the market	Daily Demand
4	Market Identification Process	Group members will contact the local hoteliers every month for their demand and select/list the retailer/wholesaler as per the demand in the market. Initially the product will be sold in nearby markets.
5	marketing strategy of the product	Self Help Group members will sell their product directly from the village shops and construction site/shop. Also by retailers , wholesalers from nearby markets. Initially the product will be sold in 0.5-1 kg packaging.
6	Product Branding	The product will be marketed at the CIG/SHG level by branding the CIG/SHG. Later this IGA may require branding at cluster level
7	Product "slogan"	" Dahd Galgal Pickle and Chutney "



Members of Shivam Self Help Group with Pradhan Gramin Van Vikas Samiti Dahad

SWOT Analysis

Strength -

- The activity is already being carried out by some SHG members
- Raw materials easily available
- The manufacturing process is simple
- Proper packing and easy to transport
- Product shelf life is long
- Homemade, low cost

Weakness -

- , humidity , moisture on manufacturing process/product .
- Extremely laborious work.
- Competes with other old and famous products.

Opportunity -

• There are good opportunities for profits as the cost of the product is lower than other similar categories of products.

- Shops Fast Food stalls,retailers,wholesalers, CanteenRestaurant And CooksHousewives inhigh Th ere are opportunities for expansion with demand and large scale production.
- Daily/weekly consumption and consumption by all buyers across all seasons.

Danger / Risk -

- Effect of temperature, humidity during manufacturing and packaging especially in winter and rainy season.
- Sudden increase in the prices of raw materials.
- competitive market.

•

Management details among members

By mutual consent the members of the self help group will decide their role and responsibility to carry out the work. Work will be divided among the members according to their mental and physical capacity. (Labour Department)

- Some members of the group will be involved in the pre-production process (i.e.
 collection of raw materials, etc.)
- Some group members will be involved in the production process.
- Some members of the group will be involved in packaging and marketing.

Economics details of:

A.	Capital Cost			
Serial Number	Description	amount	Unit Price	Total Amount (Rs.)
1	Grinder Machine (1-2 HP)	1	18000	18,000
2	Mixer	2	4000	8,000
3	Vegetable Dehydrator	1	40000	40,000
4	weighing machine	1	2000	2,000
5	kitchen tools		L/S	8000
6	Finished product storage cupboard/rack		L/S	8000
7	Hand Operated Jar Sealing Machine	1	15000	15000
8	Aprons , caps , plastic hand gloves etc	5	About	1000

	Total capital cost (A) =			1,00,000	
B.	recurring cost				
Serial Number	Description	Unit	amount	price	Total Amount (Rs.)
1	Galgal	kg/month	100	20	2000
2	Raw Material (Masala)	kg/month	50	150	7500
3	Gooseberry	kg/month	100	30	3000
4	Packaging Materials	month	About	5000	5000
5	transportation	month	1	1000	1000
6	Other (fixed, electricity, water Bill for repair of machine)	month	1	1000	1000
7	For the production of two quintals of pickles 2 hrs / day. Total 30 hours for 5 women for 03 days i.e. 8 hours each, labour cost for 04 days @ Rs.300/- / day	Day	04	300	1200
	recurring cost				20700

Cost of Production (Monthly)	
Description	Amount (Rs.)
Total recurring cost	20700
Depreciation at 10% per annum on capital cost	10000
Total	30700

Calculate the selling price of Galgal pickle(per cycle)		
Description Unit Amount (Rs.)		
cost of making	Kilogram	82.8
Current Market Value	Kilogram	250-300
Expected Selling Price	Rs	200

Selling price calculation for Amla Pickle (per cycle)			
Description Unit Amount (Rs.)			
cost of making	Kilogram	143	
Current Market Value	Kilogram	200-300	
Expected Selling Price	Rs	240	

Income and expenditure of Analysis (Monthly):

Description	Amount (Rs.)
Depreciation at 10% per annum on capital	10000
cost	
Total recurring cost	9850

Total Production of Galgal Pickle per	125
Month(Kg)	
Selling Price (per kg)	200
Income Generation (200*125)	25000
Total Production of Amla Pickle per	125
Month(Kg)	
Selling Price (per kg)	240
Income Generation (240*125)	30000
Net profit	34300- on monthly basis
distribution of net profit	The profit will be distributed equally
	among the members on
	monthly/yearly basis.
	The profit will be used to meet
	recurring costs.
	Profits will be used for further
	investments in IGA

Finance Requirement:

Description	Total Amount (Rs.)	Project contributions	SHG Contribution
total capital cost	100000	50000	50000
Total recurring cost	20700	0	20700
Training/Capacity Building/Skill Upgradation	50,000	50,000	0
Total	170700	100000	70700

Pay attention:-

- Capital Cost 50% of the capital cost to be covered under the project
- recurring cost To be borne by Self Help Group/CIG.
- Training/Capacity Building/Skill Upgradation will be borne by the project

Sources of Finance:

Project support	 50% of the capital cost will be used for purchasing machinery and equipment 1 lakh will be deposited in the SHG bank account. Training/Capacity Building/Skill Upgradation costs. 	The machinery / equipment will be procured by the respective DMU / FCCU following all the codal formalities.
self help group contribution	self help group • 50% of the capital cost will	

Training/Capacity Building/Skill Upgradation

Training/capacity building/skill upgradation cost will be borne by the project.

Following are some of the training/capacity building/skill upgradation proposed/required:

- Cost-effective procurement of raw materials
- Quality Control
- Packaging and marketing
- financial management

Calculating the Break-Even Point

- = Capital Expenditure/Selling Price (per kg)-Cost of Production (per kg)
- = 100000/(200-82.80)
- = 854 kg

In this process 854 kg pickles were Break even will be achieved after selling.

Other sources of income:

of villagers/local people from grinding galgal, amla, pulses, wheat, maize etc.

Bank Loan Repayment – If the loan is taken from a bank it will be in the form of cash credit limit and there is no repayment schedule for CCL; however, monthly savings and repayment receipts from the members should be sent through CCL.

- In CCL, the outstanding principal of the SHGs should be paid in full to the banks once a year. The interest amount should be paid on a monthly basis.
- In term loans, the repayment should be done as per the repayment schedule in banks.

Monitoring method -

- The Social Audit Committee of VFDS will monitor the progress and performance of the IGA and suggest corrective actions, if necessary, to ensure the operation of the unit as per projections.
- The SHG should review the progress and performance of the IGA of each member and suggest corrective actions, if necessary, to ensure the operation of the unit as per the projections.

Here are some key indicators to monitor:

- Group size
- fund management
- Investment
- Income generation
- product quality

The total cost of the project is

Capital Cost = 70975/-

Recurring cost = 211500/-

Total for mushroom cultivation = 282475/-

Manufacture of pickles and its value addition is the project cost

Capital cost = 100000/-

Recurring cost = 20700/-

Total for pickle making and its value addition project = 120700/-

The total amount of the business plan is Rs. Only 377175/-

Attachment

We all group members have agreed to actively participate in the IGA activity selected by the group (Mushroom cultivation activity and pickle making and its value addition) as per the guideline of JICA project for HP ecosystem management and livelihood improvement and coordination with VFDS.

The details of the members are as follows

Cross	Name	post	grade	Age	signature
1.	Bina Devi Devi wife of Prakash Singh	Pradhan	General	53	
2.	Anjana Devi wife of Joginder Singh	Secretary	General	40	
3.	Sunita Devi wife of Subhash Chand	Members	Scheduled Castes	42	
4.	Jamna Devi wife of Omkar Singh	Members	General	72	
5.	Sandhya Devi wife of Pritam Singh	Members	General	55	
6.	Amita Devi wife of Shankar Singh	Members	General	50	
7.	Anjana Kumari wife of Rajkumar	Members	General	38	
8.	Pramila Devi wife Jagdish	Member	scheduled caste	40	
9.	Deepa Devi wife Ranjit Singh	Member	General	52	
10.	Nishu Kumari wife Rakesh Kumar	Member	General	35	
11.	Soma Devi wife Prem Lal	Member	scheduled caste	50	
12.	Sunita Devi wife of Roop Lal	Member	scheduled caste	43	
13.	Tara devi wife of viri singh	Member	General	59	
14.	Meera Devi wife of Ratan Singh	Member	General	55	

Signature Secretary Self Help Group Signature
President of self help group

Signature
Secretary ,ForestVillage Development
Committee

Signature
PradhanForestVillage Development
Committee

Signature Forest Guard Signature

Division forest officer

Signature Forest range officer

Accepted by DMU